

ADDENDUM

State Mandates for Treatment for Mental Illness and Substance Use Disorders

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- The “Printed” date on the back cover should be 2007.
- Although this publication’s main topic focuses on the State laws pertaining to insurance coverage of mental illness and substance use disorders, in order to present a more complete picture of benefits and services, we have included related topics such as state standards for workers in the behavioral sector, as well as states’ designation for prescriptive authority of psychotropic drugs.
- Table 3 does not report that three additional states recently passed full parity legislation: New York (2006); Ohio (2006); and Washington (2005). For recent updates, see: <http://www.ncsl.org/programs/health/Mentalben.htm>
- Tables 2a (Chronology of State- Legislated Benefit, by year) and 2b (Chronology of State- Legislated Benefit, by state) excluded six states:

Florida enacted mandated offering legislation in 1993 and adopted Federal parity in 1998.

Georgia enacted mandated offering for all mental illnesses and substance abuse effective 1998.

New York enacted mandated offering legislation for mental illness and substance use disorders effective 1998.

Oregon adopted mandated benefits legislation for mental illness and substance use disorders effective 2000.

Pennsylvania passed legislation pertaining to minimum mandated benefits (serious mental illness) for large employers effective 1999.

Wisconsin enacted mandated offering legislation for mental illness and substance use disorders effective 2004.

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